

Lesson 4

Grammar

افعال ناقص

can, may, must, should

His father **can** speak 3 foreign languages.
It **may** rain tonight.
Can they write with their left hand?
The students **must not** make a noise.

I **must** do my homework before class.
She is sick. She **should** see a doctor.
May I see your passport?
You **should not** stay up late.

همانطور که مشاهده می‌کنید:

۱- بعد از افعال ناقص فعل به صورت ساده می‌آید.

۲- برای سوالی کردن جای فعل ناقص و فاعل عوض می‌شود.

۳- برای منفی کردن به آخر فعل ناقص not اضافه می‌کنیم.

برای بیان توانایی جسمی و یا ذهنی از can استفاده می‌کنیم.

My students **can** memorize the dialogs very fast.

برای بیان احتمال از may استفاده می‌کنیم.

Take an umbrella with you when you go out. It **may** rain.

برای درخواست اجازه هم از may و هم از can استفاده می‌کنیم.

May I leave the class early?

Can I come in?

برای بیان "نصیحت" و یا "توصیه" از should استفاده می‌کنیم.

You are too sick. You **should** go to the doctor.

برای بیان "الزام" و "اجبار" از must استفاده می‌کنیم.

The patient **must** remain in bed.

Use appropriate modal to complete the following sentences.

زیر گزینه صحیح خط بکشید.

- When you get sick, you (must/can) visit a doctor.
- The students (should/may) study their lessons carefully.
- There are many clouds in the sky. It (may/can) rain.
- My cousin likes to travel to Spain. He (should/may) learn Spanish.

Writing

گروه آموزشی عصر

قید: کلمه ای است که فعل، یا صفت و یا یک قید دیگر را توصیف می‌کند.

He **drives** slowly.

He drives a **very fast** car.

He knows English **really well**.

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قید = +ly صفت

beautiful + ly = beautifully

important + ly = importantly

۱- اگر حرف آخر صفت y باشد هنگام تبدیل به قید، y به i تبدیل می‌شود.			تبدیل
easy: easily	busy: busily	happy: happily	
۲- صفات مختوم به -ble به -bly تبدیل می‌شوند.			تبدیل
comfortable: comfortably	possible: possibly	able: ably	

تعدادی از صفات بی قاعده هستند و از قاعده ی بالا پیروی نمی‌کنند.

قید : صفت

fast: **fast**
good: **well**

late: **late**
lonely: **alone**

early: **early**
alone : **alone**

hard: **hard**



تذکر بسیار مهم: اگر به آخر اسم ly اضافه کنیم اسم به صفت تبدیل می‌شود.

صفت = ly + اسم

mother + ly = motherly
brother + ly = brotherly

love + ly = lovely
man + ly = manly

like + ly = likely
woman + ly = womanly

جهت تبدیل صفات فوق به قید از عبارت زیر استفاده می‌کنیم:

in a manner

friendly: **in a friendly manner**

manly: **in a manly manner**

تمرین: صفات زیر را به قید تبدیل کنید.

happy: possible: sisterly:
comfortable: careless: lonely:

توجه: حروف اضافه (in, on, at,.....) را در صفحه‌ی ۱۳۰ کتاب پیک نخبگان با دقت مطالعه کنید.

نمونه سوالات درس‌های اول الی چهارم

۱- گزینه ی صحیح را انتخاب کنید.

- The tickets seem to have got**
1) lose 2) loss 3) losing 4) lost
- You are too fat. You shouldn't eat foods at all.**
1) fat 2) fatty 3) fish 4) cheese
- If you like to be successful, you must not weak.**
1) fill 2) feel 3) taste 4) smell
- The family spent their summer in London.**
1) attraction 2) vacation 3) vocation 4) charity

۲- با کلمات داده شده جاهای خالی را پر کنید. یک کلمه اضافی است.

entertainment/ respected /South / illness / countries / attractive / range/ world / suggestions

- Ancient wind towers of Iran are for tourists.
- Any would be welcome.
- He plays the piano only for his
- This shop sells a wide of garden fruits.
- She him for his honesty.
- Egypt is one of the oldest of Africa.
- Every year, about one billion tourists travel around the
- Brazil, Peru and Chile are in America.

۳- با کلماتی از خودتان جاهای خالی را پر کنید.

- Coffee is probably the most p..... drink in the world.
- A tall narrow building is called a t.....
- Edison was a scientist and an i.....
- What do you want to be when you g..... up?

۴- شکل صحیح افعال را در جاهای تعیین شده بنویسید.

- She her studies next month. (to finish)
- I not his name at all. (to remember)
- The students the piano when you arrived. (to practice)
- Who canthis question? (to answer)

1. than, is, the weather, last summer, worse, this summer.
2. going, we, pictures, next, to, the, are, Sunday, describe.

۶- گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید.

1. It's than mine.
 - smaller
 - more small
 - Either could be used here.
2. Your bag is than my bag.
 - bigger
 - bigger
 - more big
3. It's than you think.
 - commoner
 - more common
 - Either could be used here.
4. It cost than I thought.
 - less
 - fewer
 - Either could be used here.

۷- اسامی خاص را مشخص کرده و سپس آنها را با حرف بزرگ بنویسید.

the caspian sea / egypt / news / weather / ceremony / wednesday / persian / salt

۸- متن را بخوانید و به سوالات پاسخ دهید.

A Scared Tiger

"Tiger! Where are you, Tiger?" Hannah called out. Hannah was worried. Her cat, Tiger, was missing. She walked up and down the block. "Tiger!" she yelled. Then Hannah heard a noise. She looked up. Tiger was high up in a tree! "Tiger, come on down!" Hannah said. The cat did not move. She looked scared. Hannah's friend Dave walked up. "What's wrong?" he asked. "Tiger is stuck in that tree!" Hannah said. "My cat got stuck in a tree once," Dave said. "I know what to do." Dave ran off. He came back with a plate of cat food. "Here, Tiger," he said. "Come get some food." Tiger still did not move. "That did not work," Hannah said. "What will we do now?"

1. Which is not a problem in this story?
 - a. Hannah cannot find Tiger.
 - b. Dave's cat is stuck in a tree.
 - c. Tiger is stuck in a tree.
 - d. Hannah cannot get Tiger out of the tree.
2. What is Dave like in the story?
 - a. helpful.
 - b. friendly.
 - c. caring.
 - d. all of the above.
3. Why are quotation marks placed around the words, "What's wrong?" in the story?
 - a. A character in the story is thinking about these words.
 - b. A character in the story is wondering whether something is wrong.
 - c. A character in the story is writing these words down on paper.
 - d. A character in the story is saying the words, What's wrong.
4. Why did Dave most likely think the cat food would make Hannah's cat come down the tree?
 - a. Dave knew that Tiger loves cat food.
 - b. Dave used cat food to get his own cat to come down a tree.
 - c. Tiger looked very hungry.
 - d. Tiger looked very scared.
5. Hannah's cat won't come down the tree. This is a major problem in the story. But there is no solution to this problem in the story. What do you think a good solution would be?

۹- با هر دسته از حروف درهم ریخته یک کلمه بسازید.

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|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 1. trodesy | 2. merfar | 3. ocrky | 4. trsong |
| 5. tpoprhe | 6. seearch | 7. tesrpec | 8. Ramipyd |
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